

CASWELL INC

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1 Product identifier

Product name Copper Conductive Paint

Product number CCP
Brand Caswell

1.3 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Metallizing Paint

1.4 Supplier's details

Name Caswell Inc Address 7696 Route 31

Lyons, NY 14489

USA

Telephone 315 946 1213 Fax 315 946 4456

email sales@caswellplating.com

Australian Supplier

Registered company name CASWELL AUSTRALIA P/L

Address FACTORY 1

51 ELM PARK DRIVE

HOPPERS CROSSING 3029

VICTORIA Australia

Telephone 03 97417103

Fax

Website www.caswellplating.com.au

Email sales@caswellplating.com.au

1.5 Emergency phone number(s)

USA Office Hours (9-4ET): 315 946 1213

24 Hour: CHEMTEL US# 1-800-255-3924 Intl# +01-813-248-0585

Australia 000

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

- Carcinogenicity (chapter 3.6), Cat. 2
- Skin corrosion/irritation (chapter 3.2), Cat. 2
- Eye damage/irritation (chapter 3.3), Cat. 2
- Hazardous to the aquatic environment long-term hazard (chapter 4.1), Cat.3

2.2 GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram



Signal word Warning

Hazard statement(s)

H315 Causes skin irritation

H319 Causes serious eye irritation

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

H351 Suspected of causing cancer

Precautionary statement(s)

P264 Wash ... thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water/... Specific treatment (see ... on this label).

P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P501 Dispose of contents/container to ...
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P405 Store locked up.

2.3 Other hazards which do not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Hazardous components

1. WATER

Concentration 40 - 50 %

Other names / synonyms DIHYDROGEN OXIDE; h2o; HYDROGEN OXIDE; ICE; SNOW; STEAM;

WATER, DISTILLED

CAS no. 7732-18-5

2. Copper

Concentration 25 - 40 % CAS no. 65357-62-2

3. TITANIUM DIOXIDE

Concentration 5 - 10 %

Other names / synonyms 1700 WHITE; A-FIL CREAM; ANATASE; ATLAS WHITE TITANIUM

DIOXIDE; AUSTIOX; AUSTIOX R-CR 3; BAYERITIAN; BAYERTITAN; BAYERTITAN A; BAYERTITAN R-U-F; BAYTITAN; BROOKITE; C.I. 77891; C.I. PIGMENT WHITE 6; CAB-O-TI; CALCOTONE WHITE T; COSMETIC

WHITE C47-5175; COSMETIC WHITE C47-9623; FLAMENCO;

HOMBITAN; HOMBITAN R 101D; HOMBITAN R 610K; HORSE HEAD A-410; HORSE HEAD A-420; HORSE HEAD R-710; KH360; KRONOS; KRONOS 2073; KRONOS CL 220; KRONOS RN 40P; KRONOS RN 56; KRONOS TITANIUM DIOXIDE; LEVANOX WHITE RKB; NCI-CO4240; OCTAHEDRITE; P 25; P 25 (OXIDE); R 680; RAYOX; RO 2; RUNA ARH 20; RUNA ARH 200; RUNA RH20; RUTILE; RUTIOX CR; TI-PURE; TI-

PURE R 101; TI-PURE R 900; TI-PURE R 901; TI-PURE R 915; TIOFINE; TIONA T.D.; TIOXIDE; TIOXIDE AD-M; TIOXIDE R-CR; TIOXIDE R-SM; TIOXIDE R.XL; TIOXIDE RHD; TIOXIDE RSM; TIPAQUE; TIPAQUE R 820; TITAFRANCE; TITAN WHITE; TITANIA; TITANIC ACID ANHYDRIDE; TITANIC ANHYDRIDE; TITANIC OXIDE; TITANIUM OXIDE; TITANIUM OXIDE;

TITANOX; TITANOX 2010; TITANOX RANC; TRIOXIDE(S); TRONOX; UNITANE; UNITANE O-110; UNITANE O-220; UNITANE OR 450;

TITANIUM WHITE; TITANIUM(IV) OXIDE; TITANIUMDIOXIDE;

ARGENTUM; C.I. 77870; L-3; SHELL SILVER; SILVER ATOM

UNITANE OR 572; UNITANE OR 650; UNITANE OR- 150; UNITANE OR- 340; UNITANE OR-342; UNITANE OR-350; UNITANE OR-540; UNITANE

OR-640; ZOPAQUE; ZOPAQUE LDC

CAS no. 13463-67-7

4. Silver

Concentration 1 - 5 %

Other names / synonyms

CAS no. 7440-22-4

Version: 1.1, Date of issue: 01 NOV 2017, p. 3

5. Carbon black (airborne, unbound particles of respirable size)

Concentration 1 - 5 %

Other names / synonyms acetylene black; Carbon Black; channel black; furnace black; lamp black;

lampblack; Oil Black (Lampblack); thermal black

CAS no. 1333-86-4

6. N-METHYL-2-PYRROLIDONE

Concentration 1 - 5 %

Other names / synonyms 1-METHYL-2-PYRROLIDINONE; 1-METHYL-5-PYRROLIDINONE; 2-

Pyrrolidinone, 1-methyl-; METHYLPYRROLIDONE;

METHYLPYRROLIDONE, N-, 2-; N-METHYLPYRROLIDINONE; N-

METHYLPYRROLIDONE; NMP

EC no. 212-828-1 CAS no. 872-50-4 Index no. 606-021-00-7

- Eye damage/irritation (chapter 3.3), Cat. 2 - Skin corrosion/irritation (chapter 3.2), Cat. 2

H315 Causes skin irritation

H319 Causes serious eye irritation

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

Description of necessary first-aid measures

General advice Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious

person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

In case of skin contact Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Get medical attention if symptoms

occur.

In case of eye contact Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a

physician.

If swallowed Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious

person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

Personal protective equipment for first-aid responders

Wear PPE per section 8

4.1 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Can cause moderate respiratory irritation, dizziness, weakness, fatique nausea and headaches. May cause metal fume, resulting in flu-like symptoms. Nasal perforation is possible from a single large or repeated smaller inhalation exposures. Suspect Cancer Hazard.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Suitable extinguishing media

Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical

May combust into CO2, CO and Nitrogen containing gasses.

5.3 Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. For precautions see section 2.2.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Use sand, kitty litter or absorbant cloth. Place in closed containers for disposal.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

1. Titanium dioxide - Total dust (CAS: 13463-67-7)

PEL (Inhalation): 15 mg/m3 (OSHA)
OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

OSITA Attitotated Table 2-1, www.osita.gov

2. Titanium dioxide - Total dust (CAS: 13463-67-7)

PEL (Inhalation): See PNOR (Cal/OSHA)
OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

3. Titanium dioxide - Total dust (CAS: 13463-67-7)

REL (Inhalation): Ca, (ultrafine particles), 2.4 mg/m3\bar{E}fine), 0.3 mg/m3(ultrafine), See Appendix A, See Appendix C (NIOSH)

OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

4. SILVER (CAS: 7440-22-4 EC: 231-131-3)

PEL-TWA (Inhalation): 0.01 mg/m3 (OSHA)

USA. Occupational Exposure Limits

(OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air

Contaminants

5. SILVER (CAS: 7440-22-4 EC: 231-131-4)

Safety Data Sheet

Copper Conductive Paint

PEL-TWA (Inhalation): 0.1 mg/m3 (ACGIH) USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

6. Silver, metal and soluble compounds (as Ag) (CAS: 7440-22-4)

PEL (Inhalation): 0.01 mg/m3 (OSHA) OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

7. Silver, metal and soluble compounds (as Ag) (CAS: 7440-22-4)

PEL (Inhalation): 0.01 mg/m3 (Cal/OSHA) OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

8. Silver, metal and soluble compounds (as Ag) (CAS: 7440-22-4)

REL (Inhalation): 0.01 mg/m3 (NIOSH) OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

9. Carbon black (CAS: 1333-86-4)

PEL (Inhalation): 3.5 mg/m3 (OSHA)

OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

10. Carbon black (CAS: 1333-86-4)

PEL (Inhalation): 3.5 mg/m3 (Cal/OSHA) OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

11. Carbon black (CAS: 1333-86-4)

REL (Inhalation): 3.5 mg/m3Ewithout PAHs); when PAHs are present, NIOSH considers carbon black to be a potential occupational carcinogen., See Appendix A, bee Appendix C (NIOSH)

OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

8.2 Appropriate engineering controls

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

8.3 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE) Eye/face protectionUse equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin protection

Wear chemical resistant gloves and clothing.

Body protection

Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place., The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Respiratory protection

NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartidge or canister may be permissable under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance/form

Odor

Odor threshold

pΗ

Melting point/freezing point Initial boiling point and boiling range

Flash point

Evaporation rate

Flammability (solid, gas)
Upper/lower flammability limits
Upper/lower explosive limits

Vapor pressure Vapor density

Relative density Solubility(ies)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature

Viscosity

Explosive properties Oxidizing properties

Other safety information

VOC 0.30 lbs/GI as packed

Copper/Beige Colored Liquid

Slight

32 deg F 212 deg F

Slower than n-butyl Acetate

None

Heavier Than Air

1.318

Partial In Water

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Not Reactive

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Sparks. Open Flame. Elevated Temperatures. Contamination

10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizers, ammonia, peroxides, acids, chlorintated compounds

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

CO2, CO, Nitrogen

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Oral LD50: 3914 mg/kg (rat) Suspect Cancer Hazard

Skin corrosion/irritation

Possible Irritant

Serious eye damage/irritation

Possible Irritant

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Silver compounds are toxic if absorbed through skin. May cause system damage. The absorbtion of silver through breaks in the skin may result in local pigmentation.

Carcinogenicity

Suspect Cancer Hazard (IARC)

STOT-repeated exposure

Respiratory system, liver, kidneys, eyes, skin, bone marrow, cardiovascular system, lymphatic system

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Toxicity

Copper is a marine pollutant. Specific data on this mixture is not available. Avoid release into environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal of the product

SMALL SPILLS: Contain and absorb with absorbent material and place into containers for later disposal. Wash site of spillage thoroughly with water. LARGE SPILLS: Dike far ahead of spill to prevent further movement. Recover by pumping or by using a suitable absorbent material and place into containers for later disposal. Dispose in suitable waste container.

Disposal of contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14: Transport information

DOT (US)

Not dangerous goods

IMDG Not dangerous goods

IATA

Not dangerous goods

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

Massachusetts Right To Know Components

Chemical name: Copper CAS number: 65357-62-2

New Jersey Right To Know Components

Common name: TITANIUM DIOXIDE

CAS number: 13463-67-7

Pennsylvania Right To Know Components

Chemical name: Titanium oxide CAS number: 13463-67-7

Massachusetts Right To Know Components

Chemical name: Silver CAS number: 7440-22-4

New Jersey Right To Know Components

Common name: SILVER CAS number: 7440-22-4

Pennsylvania Right To Know Components

Chemical name: Silver CAS number: 7440-22-4

New Jersey Right To Know Components

Common name: CARBON BLACK

CAS number: 1333-86-4

Pennsylvania Right To Know Components

Chemical name: Carbon black CAS number: 1333-86-4

California Prop. 65 components

Chemical name: Carbon black (airborne, unbound particles of respirable size)

CAS number: 1333-86-4 02/21/2003 - cancer

Massachusetts Right To Know Components

Chemical name: N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone

CAS number: 872-50-4

New Jersey Right To Know Components

Common name: 1-METHYL-2-PYRROLIDONE

CAS number: 872-50-4

Pennsylvania Right To Know Components

Chemical name: 2-Pyrrolidinone, 1-methyl- 2,beta-butoxyethoxyethyl Chloride

CAS number: 872-50-4

California Prop. 65 components

Chemical name: N-METHYL-2-PYRROLIDONE

CAS number: 872-50-4 06/15/2001 - developmental

HMIS Rating

Copper Conductive Paint	
HEALTH	* 2
FLAMMABILITY	2
PHYSICAL HAZARD	0
PERSONAL PROTECTION	Н

NFPA Rating



SECTION 16: Other information

16.1 Further information/disclaimer

DISCLAIMER: The information above is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to us. However, we make no warranty of merchantability or any other warranty, express or implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. Users should make their own investigation to determine the suitability of information for their particular purposes. In no event shall Caswell Inc be liable for any claims, losses, or damages of any third party or for lost profits or any special, indirect, incidental, consequential or exemplary damages, whatsoever arising, even if Caswell Inc has been advised of the possibility of such damages.